Financial statements December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

Statement of financial position As at December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)			
	Notes	2010	2009
Assets	2,000		
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	3,763,030	4,088,559
Accounts receivable and prepayments		632,806	589,667
Corporation tax recoverable			55,336
		4,395,836	4,733,562
Non-current assets			
Loans receivable	5	12,832,34	12,289,86
Property, plant and equipment	6	187,692	123,154
		13,020,03	12,413,01
Total assets	\$	17,415,87 \$	17,146,57
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	7	172,838	165,041
Current portion of loans payable	8	662,800	661,346
Current taxation		18,652	-
		854,290	826,387
Non-current liabilities			
Loans payable	8	2,667,584	3,330,384
Deferred revenue	9	358,550	331,981
		3,026,134	3,662,365
Shareholders' equity			
Stated capital	10	10,676,70	10,676,70
Retained earnings		2,858,749	1,981,125
		13,535,44	12,657,82
Total equity and liabilities	\$	17,415,87 \$	17,146,57
Approved on October 23, 2013 by the Board			
11			
Director		4	Director
Hugh McClean	Dale La	shley	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

	Stated capital	Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit)	Total
Balances – December 31, 2008	10,676,700	(1,366,984)	9,309,716
Net income for the year		3,348,109	3,348,109
Balances – December 31, 2009	10,676,700	1,981,125	12,657,825
Net income for the year		877,624	877,624
Balances – December 31, 2010 \$	10,676,700 \$	2,858,749	\$ 13,535,449

Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

Other income

	Notes	2010	2009
Revenue			
Interest subsidy	11	1,324,515	1,117,008
Additional subsidies	12	965,594	3,869,823
Interest on loans		708,385	648,135
Technical assistance grant	13	600,000	600,000
Bad debt recoveries	5	112,771	79,058
Interest – Other	14	112,107	116,745
Fees		92,451	90,275

1,028

6,522,072

17,420 3,933,243

Expenses Operating

2,059,554 2,006,039 Provision for loan losses 5 1,013,479 745,655 Interest and bank charges 111,556 101,333 Depreciation 6 63,984 41,340 2,970,526 3,172,414 **Income before taxation** 962,717 3,349,658 **Taxation** 16 85,093 1,549 877,624 \$ 3,348,109 Net income being comprehensive income

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)		
	2010	2009
Operating activities		
Net income	962,717	3,349,658
Adjustments for:		
Bad debt recoveries	(112,771)	(79,058)
Provision for loan losses	745,655	1,013,479
Gain on disposal of property plant, and equipment	(17,000)	-
Amortisation of deferred revenue	(92,451)	(90,275)
Depreciation	63,984	41,340
	1,550,134	4,235,144
Changes in non cash operating items		
Accounts receivable and prepayments	(43,139)	(208,023)
Interest subsidy receivable	-	52,773
Loans receivable	(1,175,368)	(1,225,571)
Accounts payable and accruals	7,797	(143,214)
Deferred revenue	119,020	116,962
	458,444	2,828,071
Taxation paid	(11,105)	(7,199)
Net cash from operating activities	447,339	2,820,872
Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(128,522)	(58,720)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	17,000	(50,720)
Net cash used in investing activities	(111,522)	(58,720)
Financing activities	(664.046)	(650,040)
Repayment of loans payable	(661,346)	(659,948)
Net cash used in financing activities	(661,346)	(659,948)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(325,529)	2,102,204
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year	4,088,559	1,986,355
Cash and cash equivalents – end of year \$	3,763,030 \$	4,088,559

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

1. Corporate status and principal activity

The Barbados Agency for Micro Enterprise Development Ltd. (FundAccess) ('the Company)" is incorporated in Barbados as a company authorised to issue an unlimited number of Class A common shares and an unlimited number of Class B common shares, both without par value.

The principal activity of the Company is to provide financial and technical assistance by way of loans to micro enterprise businesses located in Barbados.

2. Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

New and revised standards and interpretation that became effective for the current period are as follows:

IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendment)
IAS 7	Statement of cash flows
IAS 27	Consolidated and separate financial statements – (Amendment)
IAS 28	Investment in associates (Amendment)
IAS 39	Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement (Amendment)
IFRS 1	First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
	(Amendment)
IFRS 2	Share-based payment- Group cash-settled share-based payment
II'NS 2	transactions (Amendment)
IFRS 3	Business combinations (Amendment)
IFRS 5	Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued (Amendment)
IFRIC 17	Distributions of non-cash assets to owners
IFRIC 18	Transfers of assets from customers

The adoption of these interpretations has not led to any changes in the Company's accounting policies or disclosures.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

2. Adoption of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

New and revised standards and interpretation that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted are as follows:

IAS 24	Related party disclosures – (Amendment)
IAS 32	Financial instruments: Presentation (Amendment)
IFRIC 14	IAS 19 – The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction (Amendment)
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments.
IFRS 1	First –time adoption of International Reporting Standards
IFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures (Amendment)
IFRS 9	Financial instruments

The future adoption of the standards and interpretations is not expected to lead to any changes in the Company's accounting policies or disclosures.

3. Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are expressed in Barbados dollars on the historic cost basis in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and liabilities are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Other than the establishment of routine provisions for receivables and provision for accounts payable, the following are the key estimates or judgements which are required in applying policies which may have a material impact on the Company's reported assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the estimated lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each annual reporting period. There have been no changes to the estimates of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment for the current year.

Provision for loan losses

Provision for loan losses comprises specific provisions and a general provision. Specific provisions are made, on an individual basis, where management is of the opinion that collection is doubtful. A general provision is also established based on loan loss experience, current economic conditions and other factors.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the financial statements when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at each balance sheet date.

The Company has classified its other financial assets as "loans and receivables". These consist of accounts receivable and prepayments, technical assistance grant receivable, interest subsidy receivable and loans receivable. These have been measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment.

Technical assistance grant

Government grants which include technical assistance grants, are for reimbursements of specific expenses and are recorded in the statement of income in the period when due. Government grants for capital are included as part of the capital funds and are amortised into the statement of income in ratio to the depreciation charge for the assets.

Loans receivable

Loans are stated net of unearned interest and provisions for loan losses.

Income from loans is recognised as it accrues. Accrual of interest ceases when instalments are unpaid for ninety days and at such time all accrued interest is reversed against income of the current period. In subsequent periods, interest received on non-accrual loans is recorded as income only if management has determined that the loans do not require specific provisions, otherwise all amounts received are credited to the principal concerned.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of financial assets are reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of accounts receivable and loans receivable, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable balance is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in the statement of income.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either "other financial liabilities" or as "equity" in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Other financial liabilities

The Company's principal financial liabilities are measured at cost being fair value of the consideration received and include accounts payable and accruals, technical assistance grant, deferred revenue and loans payable.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on the straight line basis at rates designed to write off the cost of the asset over its estimated useful life. The rates applied are:

Furniture and fixtures 10% to 20%

Computer equipment 25 % Motor vehicles 20%

Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents fees and other income chargeable on loans and is amortised over the periods of repayment of the loans. Deferred revenue is derived based on an average loan period.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimate future cash receipt through the expected life of the financial asset to the asset's net carrying amount.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest and finance charges which arise as a result of bank and other loans and the bank overdraft and are recognised in the statement of income in the year in which they are incurred.

Taxation

Current taxation is provided on the basis of the income before taxation for financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expense items, which are not assessable or deductible for tax purposes. Deferred taxation is provided under the balance sheet liability method whereby significant temporary differences arising between the carrying values of the asset and liability for financial reporting purposes and for income tax purposes are provided for at rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted at year end date, and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

		2010	2009
Short term deposits (maturing in six (6) months)		2,298,299	3,027,268
Cash at bank		955,268	811,291
Short term investment	_	509,463	250,000
	\$	3,763,030 \$	4,088,559

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

5. Loans receivable

	2010	2009
Service	8,217,674	7,864,698
Retail and distribution	4,781,801	4,083,575
Home accommodation	1,358,168	1,482,102
Manufacturing	796,939	712,949
Agriculture	551,554	410,759
Tourism	251,836	227,484
	\$ 15,957,972 \$	14,781,567
Provision for loan losses		
Specific:		
Balances – beginning of year	2,491,706	1,557,285
Recoveries	(112,771)	(79,058)
Loans written-off	1,037	-
Increase in provision	745,655	1,013,479
Balances – end of year	\$ 3,125,627 \$	2,491,706
Total provision for loan losses	\$ 12,832,345 \$	12,289,861
Maturity schedule:		
Repayment due:		
On demand or within one year	2,549,873	1,662,662
In the second year	377,038	553,258
In the third to fifth year, inclusive	3,459,453	3,204,317
After five years	9,571,608	9,361,330
	\$ 15,957,972 \$	14,781,567
Average interest rate	6 %	6%

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

5. Loans receivable (continued)

Effective May 19, 2005, the Government of Barbados through the Ministry of Finance advanced the sum of \$5,000,000 for the Bed and Breakfast Home Accommodation Project (See Note 10). As of December 31, Home Accommodation loans amounted to \$1,358,168 (2009 - \$1,482,102).

Loans include non-accrual loans of \$2,684,234 (2009 - \$1,867,953).

As part of its risk management policy, the Company uses an external referencing system to assist in assessing the potential client's credit quality. The Company also uses historical experience and other factors that are judged to be relevant in advancing loans to different sectors. Of the interest and loan receivable balance at the end of the year \$8,217,674 (2009 - \$7,864,698) or \$7,864,698) or \$7,864,698) is due from the service sector as disclosed above.

Included in the Company's loan receivable balance are debtors with a carrying amount of \$164,573 (2009 - \$88,320) which are due at the reporting date for which the Company has not provided as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The collateral over these balances is a mixture of personal guarantees and bills of sale over equipment.

		2010		2009
Aging of past due but not impaired:				
90 – 120 days		68,783		32,759
120 days – 1 year		12,992		15,095
> 1 year	_	82,798	_	40,466
Total	\$	164,573	\$_	88,320
Aging of non-accrual loans:				
90 – 120 days		243,409		374,980
120 days – 1 year		868,788		1,263,935
> 1 year	_	1,572,037	_	229,038
Total	\$_	2,684,234	\$	1,867,953

In determining the recoverability of a loan receivable, the Company considers any change in the credit quality of the loan receivable from the date the loan was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the directors believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the provision for loan losses.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

6. Property, plant and equipment

]	Furniture and fittings	Computer equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost					
Balances – beginning of year		199,175	353,744	60,422	613,341
Additions		14,128	37,192	77,202	128,522
Disposals	_	-	-	(60,422)	(60,422)
Balances – end of year		213,303	390,936	77,202	681,441
Accumulated depreciation					
Balances – beginning of year		163,287	266,478	60,422	490,187
Charge for the year		10,723	37,821	15,440	63,984
Disposals	_	-	-	(60,422)	(60,422)
Balances – end of year		174,010	304,299	15,440	493,749
Net book value					
Beginning of year		35,888	87,266	-	123,154
End of year	\$	39,293	86,637	61,762	187,692

7. Accounts payable and accruals

	2010		2009
Accrued expenses	137,893		106,207
Trade payables	34,945	_	58,834
	\$ 172,838	\$	165,041

The Company has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe. No interest is charged on trade payables.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

8. Loans payable

	2010	2009
Opening balance	3,991,730	4,651,678
Repayments	(661,346)	(659,948)
Ending balance	3,330,384	3,991,730
Current portion	662,800	661,346
Long term portion	\$ 2,667,584	\$ 3,330,384
Loan – National Insurance Board	205,384	241,730
Loan – Ministry of Finance	3,125,000	3,750,000
	\$ 3,330,384	\$ 3,991,730

Loan - National Insurance Board

On September 29, 2001, the Company received a loan of \$500,000 from the National Insurance Board. The loan bears interest at a rate of 4% per annum and is repayable by semi-annual instalments totalling \$45,989 due in June and December, on account of principal and interest which commenced in June 2002. It is secured by a letter of comfort from the Ministry of Finance.

Loan – Ministry of Finance

On 19 May 2005, the Company received the sum of \$5,000,000 as a loan from the Government of Barbados to establish the Bed and Breakfast Home Accommodation Loan Fund, an initiative of the Ministry of Tourism (See note 7).

The loan bears interest at a rate of 2.5% per annum on the reducing balance and is for a period of 10 years with a 2 year moratorium on principal and interest. Repayments were to commence on June 30, 2007 and consist of 16 semi-annual instalments of principal and interest. On October 17, 2007 the Company sought and received approval from the Ministry of Finance to a waiver of interest for the first two years of the loan. Such approval was granted and the repayment period commenced on June 30, 2008 based on the new terms of the loan.

Repayment profile

	2010		2009
On demand or within one year	662,800		661,346
In the second year	664,312		662,800
In the third to fifth year inclusive	2,003,272		1,997,716
After five years		_	669,868
\$	3,330,384	\$	3,991,730

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

9. Deferred revenue

	2010	2009
Deferred revenue, beginning of year	331,981	305,294
Additions	119,020	116,962
Amortization	(92,451)	(90,275)
	\$ 358,550	\$ 331,981

10. Stated Capital

Authorised

The company is authorised to issue an unlimited number of Class A and Class B common shares.

Issued	2010	2009
Stated capital – 106,767 (2008 – 106,767)		
Class "A" common shares	\$ 10,676,700	\$ 10,676,700

11. Interest subsidy

In November 2003, the Board of Directors agreed to reduce the interest rate charged on new loans from 11.5% to 6%. Effective January 1, 2004, all existing loans were refinanced at the lower interest rate. The Government of Barbados has undertaken to cover the shortfall resulting from the reduced rate. The amount paid over during the year was \$1,324,515 (2009 - \$1,117,008).

12. Additional subsidies

In 2007, the Agency requested additional funding from the Government of Barbados to assist with its operating cost and for financing of loans to clients. The Government approved additional funding over a three year period beginning in financial year 2007. During the year the Company received \$965,594 (2009 - \$3,869,823) in additional subsidies.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

13. Technical assistance grant

The technical assistance grant is comprised of a fixed amount of \$600,000 received from the Government of Barbados to be allocated to the technical assistance programme and is exempt from taxation.

14. Interest - Other

		2010	2009
Term deposits		79,905	89,606
Staff loans		24,320	21,052
Chequing account		7,176	5,426
The Barbados Light & Power - deposit	_	706	661
	\$	112,107	\$ 116,745

15. Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year included in operating expenses as follows:

		2010	2009
Salaries and staff costs		458,066	453,820
Director s' fees	_	52,605	52,260
	\$	510,671	\$ 506,080

16. Taxation

	2010	2009
The taxation charge comprises:		
Current taxation	\$ 85,093	\$ 1,549
Reconciliation of taxation charge:		
Income before taxation	962,717	 3,349,658
Tax charge at 25 %	240,679	837,415
Tax effect of losses utilised	-	(681,971)
Under accrual of deferred tax	(5,696)	(3,895)
Tax effect of depreciation on vehicle not subject to tax	110	-
Tax effect of income not subject to tax (\$600,000)	(150,000)	 (150,000)
	\$ 85,093	\$ 1,549

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

17. Commitments and contingencies

As at December 31, 2010, commitments to provide funding for new loans amounted to \$338,542 (2009-\$272,981).

On December 14, 2010, the Company executed an agreement with the Central Bank of Barbados to access a loan of \$1,000,000 through the Industrial Credit Fund. The loan was disbursed in January 2011 and is due on December 31, 2020.

18. Financial instruments

The Company's activity as providers of financial assistance to emerging micro enterprises is one which involves transactions that are speculative in nature. Financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable and prepayment, technical assistance grant receivable, interest subsidy receivable, loans receivable, accounts payable and accruals and loans payable.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Investments

The Company had no investments and is thus not exposed to interest rate risk at the end of financial year 2010.

Borrowings

The interest rates on loans payable disclosed in Note 10 are fixed and therefore the company is not exposed to variations in interest rates on its borrowings.

Loans

The interest rate on loans advanced is currently subsidized by the Government of Barbados. At the end of the financial year, the company recorded a receivable which was a result of the non-coterminus fiscal periods of the company and the Government of Barbados.

There is nothing to suggest that the subsidy arrangement will cease, and in the event that this occurs, the Board of Directors will alter the interest rate to minimize the company's exposure.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

18. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter parties may default in their obligations to the Company.

Concentration of credit risk exists if a number of clients are engaged in similar activities or are located in the same industry sector or have similar economic characteristics such that their ability to meet contractual obligations would be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

The maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position is represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets.

Liquidity risk

The company manages its liquidity risk by monitoring future cash flows to ensure that cash requirements can be met.

Fair value

Fair value amounts represent the approximate values at which financial instruments could be exchanged in current transactions between willing parties. However, it is not possible to determine independently the estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments which are considered to approximate their book values.

19. Economic dependence

The Company depends on subsidies and grants from the government of Barbados in order to sustain its operations.

20. Capital risk management policies and objectives

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to its shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

Notes to the financial statements

December 31, 2010

(expressed in Barbados dollars)

20. Capital risk management policies and objectives (continued)

The capital structure of the Company consists of debt that includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 10 and equity comprising stated capital and retained earnings as disclosed in the statement of changes in equity.

The Board of Directors reviews the capital structure on an annual basis. As a part of this review, the Board of Directors considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Board of Directors, the Company will balance its overall capital structure, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2009.

Index to the financial statements

	Page
Corporate information	1 - 2
Management report	3 - 5
Audit report	6
Statement of financial position	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Statement of comprehensive income	9
Statement of cash flows	10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 25



Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder

The Barbados Agency for Micro Enterprise Development Ltd.

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Barbados Agency for Micro Enterprise Development Ltd., which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2010, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on the audit. I conducted the audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Barbados Agency for Micro Enterprise Development Ltd. as at December 31, 2010, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards applicable in Barbados.

Rudolph R. Prescod

Chartered Accountant

October 23, 2013

2 mil

Corporate information 31 December 2010

31 December 2010		
Directors		
Year	Directors	Effective date
2008	Mr. Martin Pritchard - Chairman Mr. Dale Lashley – Deputy Chairman Mr. Peter Whitehall Mrs. Janice Estwick Mr. George Bennett Mr. David Leacock Mr. Elias Haloute	14 February 2008
2009 - 2012	Mr. Lindell Earle - Chairman Mr. Dale Lashley – Deputy Chairman Mrs. Yvonne Cottle-Hinds Mr. Leslie Parris Mrs. Janice Estwick Mr. Peter Whitehall Mr. Kammie Holder	5 May 2009
2013	Mr. Hugh McClean - Chairman Mr. Dale Lashley - Deputy Chairman Ms. Keisha King Mr. Anthony Hall Mr. Hyrone Boyce Mrs. Janice Estwick Mr. Peter Whitehall	24 May 2013
Officers		
Mr. Hamilton Roach Mrs. Esther Lord- Graham Mr. Gerald Amos Mr. Kirk Dottin Mr. Michael Callender	 General Manager Finance Manager Manager - Information Systems Manager - Business Development Manager - Credit and Project Development 	

Corporate information 31 December 2010

Registered Office

City Building Pinfold Street Bridgetown Barbados

Secretary

Mr. Hamilton Roach

Attorney-at-law

Doria Moore Kingscote #12, 8th Avenue St. Michael Barbados Jones & Goodridge Pinfold Street St. Michael Barbados

Bankers

RBC Royal Bank (Barbados) Limited

(formerly)

RBTT Bank (Barbados) Ltd

Broad Street Bridgetown St. Michael Barbados Republic Bank Barbados Limited

(formerly)

Barbados National Bank

Broad Street Bridgetown St. Michael Barbados

Auditors

Rudolph Prescod C.A. #26 Gemswick Gardens St. Philip Barbados

Management Report 31 December 2010

For the year ended December 31, 2010, FundAccess reported a profit of \$962,717 as compared to 3,349,658 in year 2009. It must however be noted that the 2009 figure was boosted by the transfer of 2.4 million arising from the closure of the Social Investment Fund.

In 2010, FundAccess approved loans totaling \$3,520,449 to 71 clients and created 106 job opportunities. Refer to Table 1 and Figure 1.

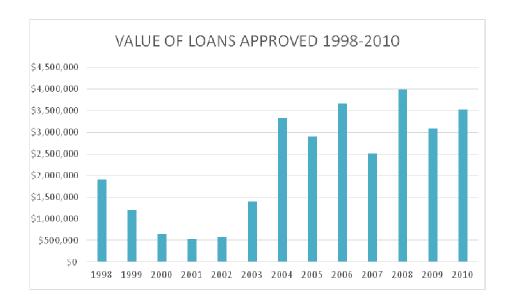
TABLE 1

Loans Approved 1998-2010

Calendar Year	Value of Loans approved	Job Opportunities
1998	1,909,042	200
1999	1,190,205	86
2000	646,123	63
2001	525,691	26
2002	581,677	23
2003	1,403,840	72
2004	3,339,653	113
2005	2,897,570	105
2006	3,662,163	93
2007	2,513,331	72
2008	3,981,641	119
2009	3,081,814	73
2010	3,520,449	106

Management Report 31 December 2010

FIGURE 1



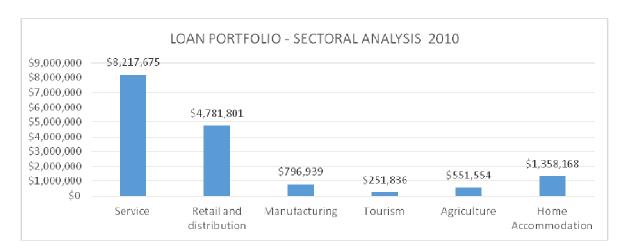
At December 2010, FundAccess' loan portfolio comprised 661 loans valued at fifteen million, nine hundred and fifty seven thousand, nine hundred and seventy two dollars (\$15,957,972) in various sectors as seen in Table 11 and Figure 11. The Service sector and the Retail and Distribution sector continue to attract the largest amount of financing, accounting for 81% of the total loan portfolio.

TABLE 11

Sector	Value
Service	8,217,675
Retail and distribution	4,781,801
Manufacturing	796,939
Tourism	251,836
Agriculture	551,554
Home accommodation	1,358,168
\$	15,957,972

Management Report 31 December 2010

FIGURE 11



FundAccess continues to achieve its mission of fostering the development of micro enterprises in Barbados. Although some enterprises have begun to experience challenges in the rapidly changing environment, the portfolio experienced few business closures.

On behalf of management, I would like to express my gratitude to the Directors, staff and shareholders for their continued support.

Hamilton Roach General Manager